

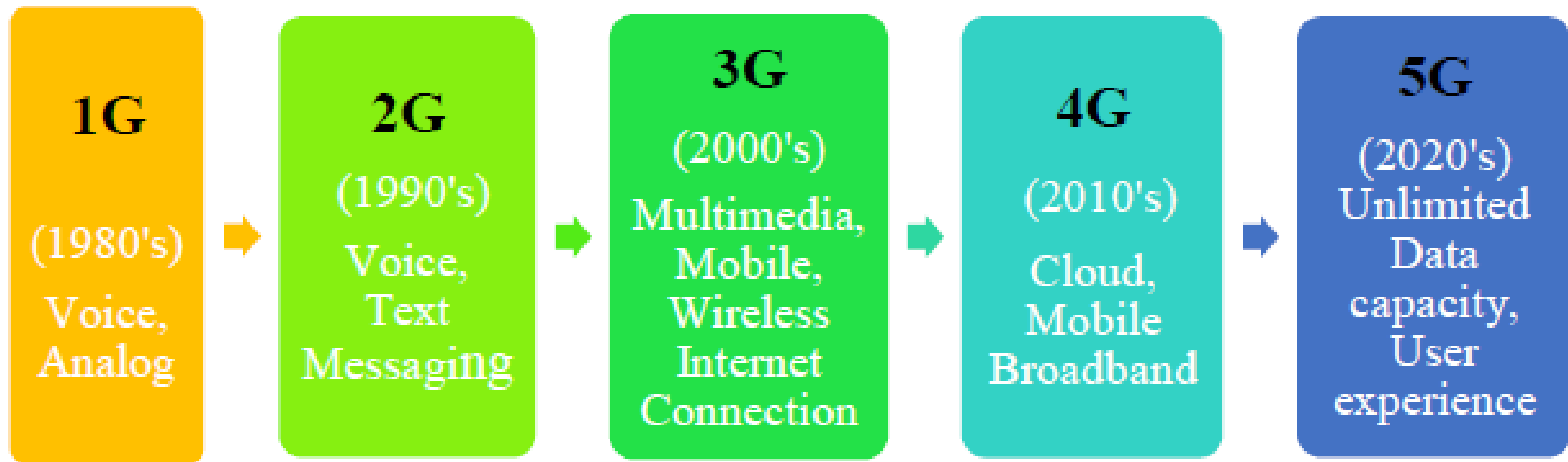


5G TECHNOLOGY: THE GENERAL OVERVIEW OF SECURITY OBSTACLES

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THE HISTORY



Countries: South Korea, China, United States, UK, Italy, France, Thailand, Vietnam...

BENEFITS



- More speed
- More responsiveness (low latency)
- More bandwidth to connect more devices

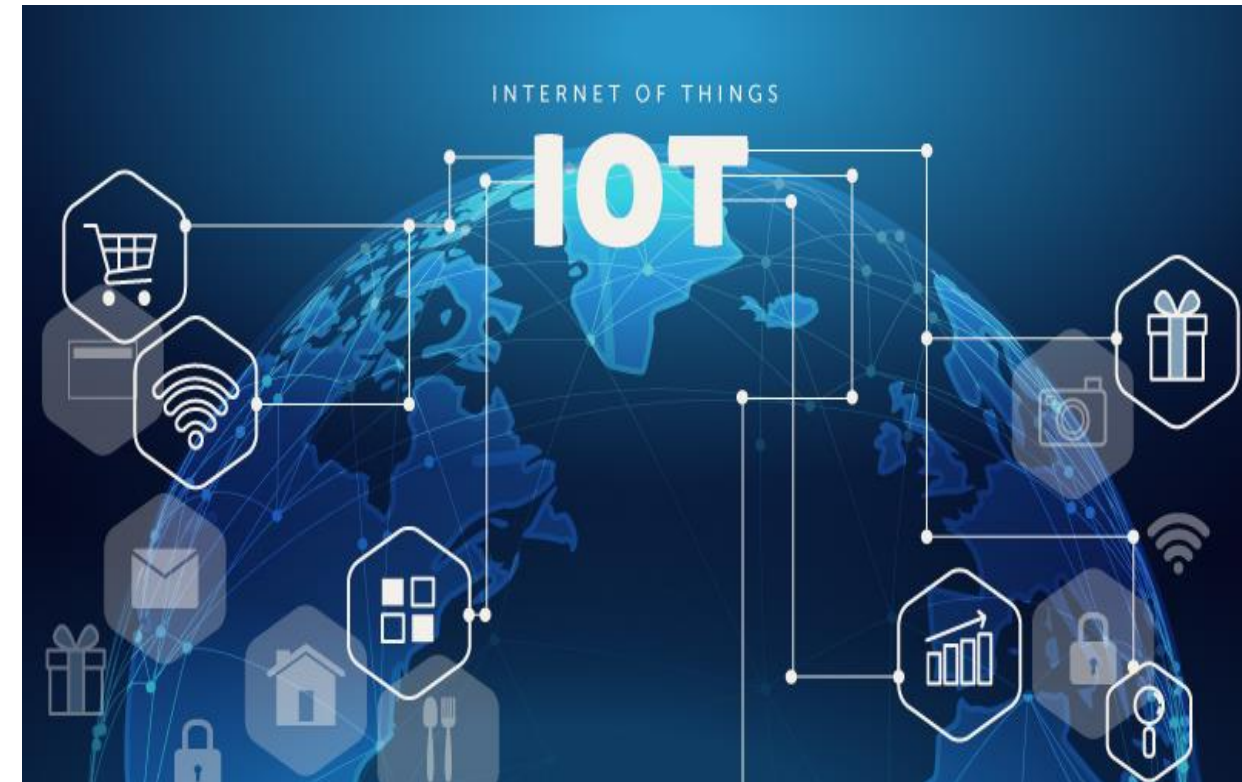


THE APPLICATIONS OF 5G

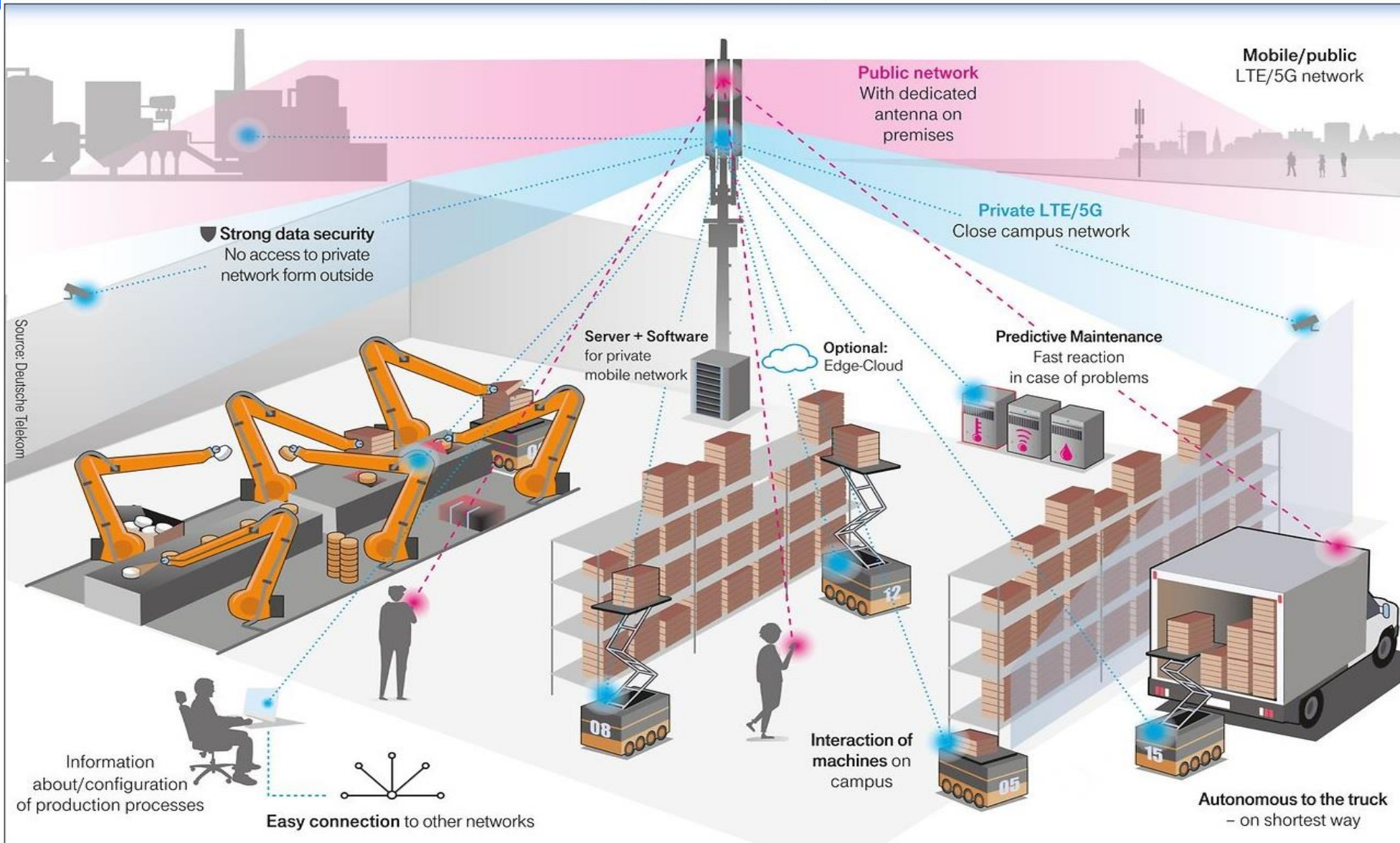




AUTOMATION & IOT



INDUSTRY

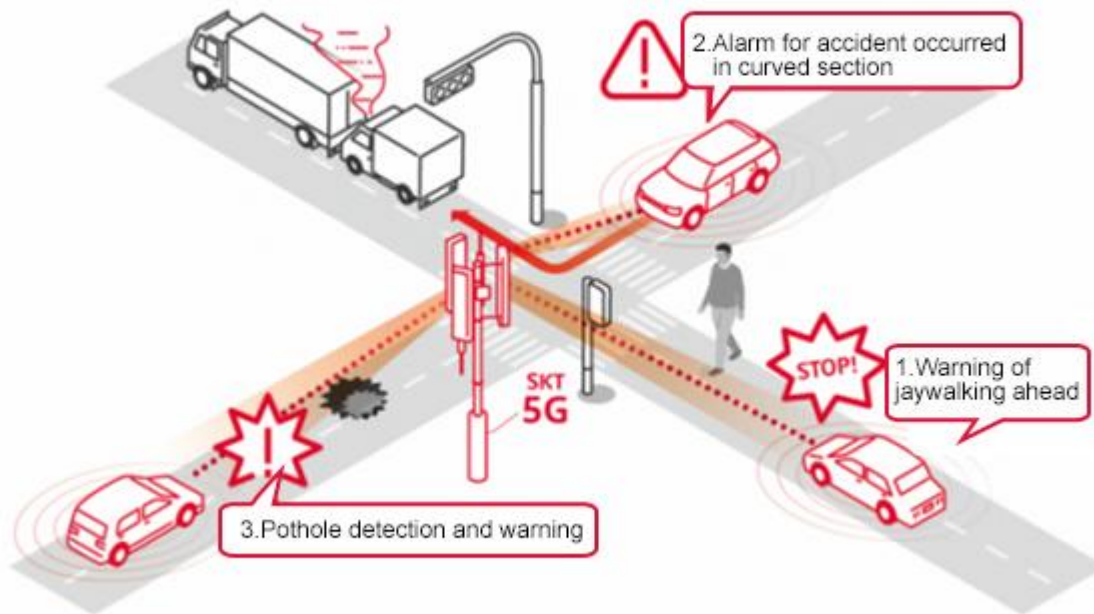




TRANSPORTATION & ENERGY



5G-enabled traffic safety service



CHALLENGES

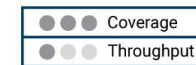


- Spectrum challenges
- Deployment cost
- Privacy

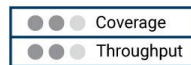


5G

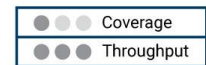
Low band (FR1)
450 MHz – 1 GHz



Mid band (FR1)
1 GHz – 7 GHz



High band/mmWave (FR2)
24 GHz – 52 GHz



Frequency

Penetration/distance

SECURITY ISSUES



Security issues	Description
Mobile virtual operations	- Data leakage, unsecured Wi-Fi, network spoofing, phishing attacks, spyware, broken cryptography, improper session handling
Telecommunication fraud	- Slamming, cramming, toll-free number fraud, social engineering, bypass problems.
The IoT issues	- Wi-Fi attacks, radio frequencies, access points, and the like
Network attacks	- Attacks on availability, authentication, and confidentiality, DoS/DDoS attacks, software-defined networking (SDN) vulnerabilities, network function virtualization (NFV).
User privacy	- Location tracking, identity, and personal data lost through semantic information attacks, International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) attacks
Network security vulnerabilities, Relay to relay communication	- Eavesdropping, man in the middle attack, Replay attack, DoS attack, interleaving attack, virus/malware attack
Security issues from (1G to 4G)	- Intercepting SMS messages, denial of service (DoS, diameter signaling protocol problems)





THANKS FOR YOUR LISTENING